

service, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, the Judiciary, and Oversight and Government Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. REICHERT:

H.R. 3877.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

"The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States) and clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress), and Article IV, section 3, clause 2 (relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States)."

By Mr. JEFFRIES:

H.R. 3878.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution related to general welfare of the United States.

By Mrs. KIRKPATRICK:

H.R. 3879.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, 18 To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Executive the foregoing powers, and all other Powers vested in this constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer therefore.

By Mr. CARNEY:

H.R. 3880.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The Congress shall have Power * * * To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Fourteenth Amendment, Section 1

All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Fourteenth Amendment, Section 5

The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common

Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. CARNEY:

H.R. 3881.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The Congress shall have Power * * * To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Fourteenth Amendment, Section 1

All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Fourteenth Amendment, Section 5

The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. CARNEY:

H.R. 3882.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The Congress shall have Power * * * To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Fourteenth Amendment, Section 1

All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Fourteenth Amendment, Section 5

The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. GRAYSON:

H.R. 3883.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation, including rectifying actual and potential violations of the 4th and 5th Amendments, pursuant to Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. PASCRELL:

H.R. 3884.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. DENT:

H.R. 3885.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. DeFAZIO:

H.R. 3886.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 and Article IV, Section 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. ROTHFUS:

H.R. 3887.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Ms. JACKSON LEE:

H.R. 3888.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clauses 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CROWLEY:

H.R. 3889.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. PAULSEN:

H.R. 3890.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

By Ms. TITUS:

H.R. 3891.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Ms. WILSON of Florida:

H.R. 3892.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Student Loan Borrowers' Bill of Rights Act of 2013 is constitutional under Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 (the Commerce Clause) of the United States Constitution, in conjuncture with Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18 (the Necessary and Proper Clause) of the Constitution.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 7: Mr. McALLISTER, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. PETERSON, Mr. LABRADOR, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. BARR, Mr. YOHIO, Mr. GOSAR, and Mr. WALDEN.

H.R. 15: Mr. GRIJALVA.

H.R. 233: Ms. PINGREE of Maine.

H.R. 318: Mr. SMITH of Missouri.

H.R. 435: Mr. DeFAZIO.

H.R. 564: Mr. CARSON of Indiana.

H.R. 732: Mrs. WAGNER.

H.R. 755: Mr. DAINES.

H.R. 858: Ms. TSONGAS.

H.R. 1020: Mr. TIPTON.

H.R. 1070: Mr. CUMMINGS.

H.R. 1139: Mr. VEASEY.

H.R. 1199: Mr. SHERMAN.

H.R. 1250: Mrs. BEATTY.

H.R. 1281: Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. PAYNE, and Mr. FALLONE.

H.R. 1354: Mr. WEBSTER of Florida.

H.R. 1414: Mr. CARTWRIGHT.

H.R. 1423: Mrs. BLACKBURN.

H.R. 1428: Mr. VAN HOLLEN.

H.R. 1666: Mr. SCHRADER.

H.R. 1690: Mrs. WAGNER.